

#### ACACIA CHILDREN'S CENTRES

Reg No: A0039290V ABN: 76 707 214 671



# Policy and Procedures E-Safety

#### **PURPOSE**

This policy provides guidelines for Acacia Children's Centres. to:

- provide a safe online environment for all children which ensures their safety, health and wellbeing
- support young children to develop an understanding of digital networks and to using digital networks in safe and appropriate ways
- incorporate technology into early learning environment in an age appropriate and safe way
- fostering opportunities for each child to participate in the digital environment, express their views and to learn safely
- support and communicate with families about safe online practices at home and in the community.

#### **POLICY STATEMENT**

#### **VALUES**

Acacia Children's Centres.is committed to:

- the rights of all children to feel safe, and be safe at all times
- fostering opportunities for each child to participate in the digital environment, express their views and to learn safely
- always acting in the best interests of each child and has zero tolerance of online abuse
- supporting families in creating a safe on-line environment both at home and at the service

#### SCOPE

This policy applies to the approved provider, persons with management or control, nominated supervisor, persons in day-to-day charge, early childhood teachers, educators, staff, students, volunteers, parents/guardians, children, and others attending the programs and activities of Acacia Children's Centres.

#### **BACKGROUND AND LEGISLATION**

#### **BACKGROUND**

Young children are growing up in a technological world and need to be supported to understand how technology works and the impact it has on their lives. Technology is now used by young children in early childhood services, and at home for gaming, socialising and learning. When used wisely technology can support children's learning and relationships. Enjoyable and engaging shared experiences that optimise the potential for children's learning and development can support children's relationships both with adults and their peers.

Creating a safe online environment for children is essential to ensure they can access digital technologies and online learning opportunities without risk. Children have the right to quality education and care in a secure environment, and this extends to the digital world. Approved providers and staff play a critical role in protecting, empowering, and educating children about online safety to prevent child maltreatment and abuse. With the rapid development of new technologies, it is vital to stay informed about potential risks, such as gaps in cybersecurity that could allow hackers to access devices and compromise children's safety. Supporting educators and children to understand both the benefits and dangers of digital technologies, and taking proactive steps to address emerging risks, is key to fostering a child safe culture and ensuring continuous improvement in online safety practices.



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Educators are accustomed to working in partnership with families in many areas of children's development. Now that young children are growing up in digital contexts, it's also important for educators and families to work in partnership regarding the use of digital technologies with, by and for young children. An educator's role is not necessarily to teach children about the technology itself, but to create learning environments where educators and children think, talk and learn about technology and online safety together.

The Early Years Learning Framework (the Framework) was developed to extend and enrich children's learning from birth to five years. The Framework assists early childhood teachers and educators' in providing young children with opportunities to maximise their potential and develop a foundation for future success in learning. Outcome 4 of the Framework talks about how children are confident and involved learners. It encourages early learning services to introduce children to appropriate tools, technologies and media and provide the children with skills, knowledge and techniques to enhance their learning. Outcome 4 also states that children should experiment with different types of technologies to investigate, and problem solve.

Outcome 5 of the Framework talks about how children are effective communicators and provides guidance to early childhood teacher and educators in supporting children to use information and communication technologies to access information, investigate ideas and represent their thinking.

That being the case, the early childhood sector plays an important role in supporting children's learning and development in relation to technology and staying safe online. Importantly, young children need to be provided the opportunity to learn about online safety and use technology in appropriate ways.

Young children and their families participate in digital contexts in different ways according to their access to digital technologies, the internet, and the views they hold about the role digital technology plays in their lives. Research indicates that internet access and digital technology is influenced by socioeconomic resources, geographic location, gender and age (Judge, Puckett & Cabuk, 2004). Families' beliefs and attitudes about digital technology also influence the access their children have to different types of digital technologies (Blackwell, Lauricella, Wartella, Robb & Schomburg, 2013). Therefore, the experience of growing up in digital contexts is not universally the same, as not every child and family will use, value or understand digital technologies in the same way. However, all children have the right to actively participate online, this includes the right to be heard, the right to be respected and the right to feel safe.

The Victorian Regulatory Authority requires approved providers to comply with the National Model Code. The National Model Code is crucial for Early Childhood Education and Care (ECEC) services to ensure the safety and privacy of children. Under the Code, only service-issued electronic devices should be used for taking photos or recording videos, thereby minimising the risk of unauthorised distribution of images. The Code states that clear guidelines are developed on carrying personal devices for specific essential purposes ensuring that any exceptions are justified and controlled. Additionally, implementing strict controls for storing and retaining images or recordings of children is vital to protect their privacy and prevent misuse of sensitive information. Adhering to these guidelines not only safeguards children but also fosters trust and transparency between ECEC services and families.

#### **LEGISLATION AND STANDARDS**

Relevant legislation and standards include but are not limited to:

- Child Safe Standards
- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010
- Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011
- Early Childhood Australia Code of Ethics
- Information Privacy Act 2000 (Vic)
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 2: Children Health and Safety and Quality Area
   7: Governance and Leadership
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 (Vic)



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- Online Safety Act 2021
- Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)
- United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child

#### **DEFINITIONS**

- **Co-playing:** When two or more children and/or an adult and child(ren) engage in play together, communicating about their actions, about the content, or interacting in any way.
- Co-viewing: Occurs as two or more people view the same content together, promoting
  opportunity for conversation and communication about the content they are viewing.
- **Digital citizenship:** Citizenship in digital contexts recognises that young children are active participants in their communities now and into the future
- **Digital communication platforms:** video teleconferencing software program such as Zoom, Goggle Classroom, Microsoft Teams, Webex Meetings, Skype
- Digital contexts: involve both actual access to digital technologies and the ways in which
  people think about and value the use of digital technologies in their lives.
- Digital data: Information that is transmitted digitally, including (but not limited to) text, audio, images and video.
- Digital documentation: Recording and analysing children's engagement and learning using digital tools. This can include photos, text and video and may be communicated via an online platform.
- **Digital literacy:** The ability to identify and use technology confidently, creatively and critically to meet the demands and challenges of living, learning and working with digital technologies like internet platforms, social media, and mobile devices.
- Digital technology: Microprocessors or small 'chips' that convert information into numbers, digital technology enables large amounts of data to be stored and shared so that it can be accessed, created and used by people anywhere, at any time. Digital technologies are frequently networked or connected, enabling people to share, communicate, store, retrieve and manipulate digital data for education, entertainment, recreational, organisational and work purposes. There many types of digital technologies used by people in daily life include computers, tablets, smart televisions, smartphones and smart watches
- **eSafety Commissioner:** Australia's national independent regulator for online safety. purpose is to help safeguard Australians at risk from online harms and to promote safer, more positive online experiences
- **Filtering**: Software designed to automatically sort incoming emails into folders, block access to certain web pages, etc., according to present rules or conditions.
- Interactive media: refers to digital and analog materials, including software programs, applications (apps), broadcast and streaming media, some children's television programming, e-books, the Internet, and other forms of content designed to facilitate active and creative use by young children and to encourage social engagement with other children and adults.
- Screen time: A general term that includes any time a child engages with an electronic screen, including (but not limited to) watching television, engaging with educational games or creating digital books.
- Sedentary behaviour: Sitting or lying down; awake but relatively inactive or stationary.
- **Self-regulation:** The capacity for children (and adults) to regulate their behaviour in response to their emotions and thinking.
- **Technology:** The development of new objects or tools by people that help them in their lives. Three broad types of technology are mechanical technology (e.g. wheels, blocks, levers, gears); analogue technology (e.g. film-based photography, drawing, painting); and digital technology (e.g. mobile phones and computers).



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• **Wearable technologies**: digital technologies that can be worn, e.g. watches, fitness tracking devices, jewellery and clothes made with electronic textiles

#### **RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### The Approved Provider is responsible for:

- Designating a staff member/s to champion online safety and be a first point of contact for early childhood teachers, educators, staff, parents/guardians and children to report online safety issues
- Ensuring the online environment is used in accordance with Code of Conduct, Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing and Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy
- Early childhood teachers and educators engaged in professional learning about online safety (such as eSafety's professional learning modules) (refer to Sources), enabling them to identify and mitigate the risks associated with being online
- Providing early childhood teachers and educators with regular opportunities to engage in ongoing, informal professional learning so they have up-to-date information about the risks and changing practices in online safety
- Engaging in professional learning to build capacity and support the implementation of online safety education.
- Ensuring that early childhood teachers and educators are aware of and compliant with Information and Communication Technology and Privacy and Confidentiality policies
- Undertaking a risk assessment (refer to Sources) of all online tools (including AI), platforms, Smart Toys (refer to Sources), and child-friendly search engines and apps prior to children's use
- Undertaking a risk assessment (refer to Sources) and identify if children's personal devices (including wearable devices) can be used at the service and in what circumstances.
- Considering risk management plans when engaging with third party contractors to assess whether, and the extent to which, the engagement of third-party contractors poses risks of child abuse and harm
- Ensuring safety procedures are developed and implemented when using digital communication platforms (refer to Definitions) with children and their families (refer to Attachment 1)
- Ensuring when using digital documentation platforms, early childhood teachers and educators
  consider the security of their digital data and the privacy of children and families (refer to
  Privacy and Confidently Policy and Information and Communication Technology Policy)
- Ensuring that only service-issued electronic devices should ever be used to take photos or record videos of children
- cannot carry or use your own personal devices (like phones, tablets or USBs) that take or store photos or videos when working directly with children, unless it's for an essential purpose and approved in writing
- Installing and update safety and security software, internet filters, and pop-up blockers on all digital devices used at the service
- Ensuring there are procedures and processes around the capturing, storing and sharing of children's images and videos (refer to Information and Communication Technology and Privacy and Confidentiality policy)



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• Creating a shared understanding between Acacia Children's Centres., families, early childhood teachers and educators about digital technology use, by adults, in front of children

- Ensuring that appropriate filtering (refer to Definitions) and monitoring are in place for all devices used at the service
- Reviewing online safety education annually to identify strengths and weaknesses and update to ensure relevance to online safety issues, risks, and harms
- Ensuring parents/guardians are involved in the development and review of the eSafety policy
- Providing families with information on where to go for help with online safety issues, including the eSafety Commissioner (refer to Sources)
- Providing children with the opportunity to engage in digital play through communicating, creating and consuming digital content in safe and age-appropriate ways
- Providing proactive supervision when young children are using digital technology (refer to Supervision of Children policy
- Ensuring an online safety agreement is created in collaboration with children and families (refer to Sources)
- Developing and implementing a digital learning environment and opportunities that are accessible to and relevant for all age groups
- Using digital technologies to promote social interactions between children, peers and early childhood teacher/educators
- Considering the needs of all children including those with disability, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander students, LGBTQI students, those from diverse linguistic and cultural backgrounds, children experiencing family breakdown or in out of home care and others who may be more vulnerable and susceptible to online harms.
- Respecting children and family's diversity and strive to meet their needs for online safety education inclusive of gender, age, culture, ability, appearance, socioeconomic status, family background, geographical location, and access
- Ensuring processes are in place to ensure children and parents/guardian who speak languages other than English understand this policy
- Upholding children's rights to provision, participation and protection in digital environments
- Create child-friendly guides or agreements for acceptable use of service issued devices refer to Sources
- Teaching children they have the right to feel safe and say 'no' to anything that makes them feel unsure, uncomfortable, or unsafe
- Identifying and responding to online safety risks, like grooming (being subjected to manipulative behaviours), cyberbullying, excessive use of devices and screen time, and inappropriate images refer to Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing Policy
- Being alert to potential signs of exposure to inappropriate material or online harm (e.g. changes in behaviour, secrecy)
- Ensuring children know what to do if they encounter inappropriate materials online
- Encourage children to talk to a trusted adult if they see or experience something online that makes them feel uncomfortable (refer to Sources)



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- Teaching children not to give out personal information such as their name, birthdate, address and image, online or that of others
- Asking children their permission before taking photos or videos and posting on online platforms
- Developing strategies for families to communicate negative experiences or concerns regarding online issues
- Supporting families to understand that exposure to disturbing or arousing content and screens in the hour before sleep time decreases the length and quality of children's sleep.
- Direct families towards government and/or not-for-profit organisations for advice and resources on controls and the selection of digital media, content, apps and games that are appropriate for use by young children (refer to Sources)
- Providing families with information about online safety and risks in the online environment, such as online grooming, cyber bullying and sexting.

#### Nominated Supervisor is responsible for:

- Designating a staff member/s to champion online safety and be a first point of contact for early childhood teachers, educators, staff, parents/guardians and children to report online safety issues
- Ensuring the online environment is used in accordance with Code of Conduct, Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing and Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy
- Early childhood teachers and educators engaged in professional learning about online safety (such as eSafety's professional learning modules) (refer to Sources), enabling them to identify and mitigate the risks associated with being online
- Providing early childhood teachers and educators with regular opportunities to engage in ongoing, informal professional learning so they have up-to-date information about the risks and changing practices in online safety
- Engaging in professional learning to build capacity and support the implementation of online safety education.
- Ensuring that early childhood teachers and educators are aware of and compliant with Information and Communication Technology and Privacy and Confidentiality policies
- Undertaking a risk assessment (refer to Sources) of all online tools (including AI), platforms, Smart Toys (refer to Sources), and child-friendly search engines and apps prior to children's use
- Undertaking a risk assessment (refer to Sources) and identify if children's personal devices (including wearable devices) can be used at the service and in what circumstances.
- Considering risk management plans when engaging with third party contractors to assess whether, and the extent to which, the engagement of third-party contractors poses risks of child abuse and harm
- Ensuring safety procedures are developed and implemented when using digital communication platforms (refer to Definitions) with children and their families (refer to Attachment 1 &2)
- Ensuring when using digital documentation platforms, early childhood teachers and educators consider the security of their digital data and the privacy of children and families (refer to Privacy and Confidently Policy and Information and Communication Technology Policy)



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- Ensuring that only service-issued electronic devices should ever be used to take photos or record videos of children
- Installing and update safety and security software, internet filters, and pop-up blockers on all digital devices used at the service
- cannot carry or use your own personal devices (like phones, tablets or USBs) that take or store photos or videos when working directly with children, unless it's for an essential purpose and approved in writing
- Ensuring there are procedures and processes around the capturing, storing and sharing of children's images and videos (refer to Information and Communication Technology and Privacy and Confidentiality policy)
- Ensuring that all images and devices are destroyed when no longer needed
- Ensuring there is a register of all devices and all lost or stolen devices are reported.
- Creating a shared understanding between Acacia Children's Centres., families, early childhood teachers and educators about digital technology use, by adults, in front of children
- Ensuring that appropriate filtering (refer to Definitions) and monitoring are in place for all devices used at the service
- Reviewing online safety education annually to identify strengths and weaknesses and update to ensure relevance to online safety issues, risks, and harms
- Ensuring parents/guardians are involved in the development and review of the eSafety policy
- Providing families with information on where to go for help with online safety issues, including the eSafety Commissioner (refer to Sources)
- Regularly discussing concepts of 'being online' or 'the internet' and online safety with children (refer to Sources)
- Providing children with the opportunity to engage in digital play through communicating, creating and consuming digital content in safe and age-appropriate ways
- Providing proactive supervision when young children are using digital technology (refer to Supervision of Children policy
- Ensuring an online safety agreement is created in collaboration with children and families (refer to Sources)
- Developing and implementing a digital learning environment and opportunities that are accessible to and relevant for all age groups
- Using digital technologies to promote social interactions between children, peers and early childhood teacher/educators
- Teaching digital citizenship (refer to Definitions) and digital/media literacy (refer to Definitions) to support critical thinking
- Developing social and emotional learning skills to support children' understanding and management of emotions, respectful online relationships and resilience
- Providing opportunities for children to explore and experiment with the functions of a diverse range of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) alongside adult modelling and instruction in digital technology use



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 Considering the needs of all children including those with disability, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander students, LGBTQI students, those from diverse linguistic and cultural backgrounds, children experiencing family breakdown or in out of home care and others who may be more vulnerable and susceptible to online harms.

- Modelling self-regulated (refer to Definitions) digital technology use with children and families that recognises the importance of sustained social interactions between children and adults
- Respecting children and family's diversity and strive to meet their needs for online safety education inclusive of gender, age, culture, ability, appearance, socioeconomic status, family background, geographical location, and access
- Ensuring processes are in place to ensure children and parents/guardian who speak languages other than English understand this policy
- Upholding children's rights to provision, participation and protection in digital environments
- Create child-friendly guides or agreements for acceptable use of service issued devices refer to Sources
- Teaching children they have the right to feel safe and say 'no' to anything that makes them feel unsure, uncomfortable, or unsafe
- Identifying and responding to online safety risks, like grooming (being subjected to manipulative behaviours), cyberbullying, excessive use of devices and screen time, and inappropriate images refer to Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing Policy
- Being alert to potential signs of exposure to inappropriate material or online harm (e.g. changes in behaviour, secrecy)
- Ensuring children know what to do if they encounter inappropriate materials online
- Encourage children to talk to a trusted adult if they see or experience something online that makes them feel uncomfortable (refer to Sources)
- Teaching children not to give out personal information such as their name, birthdate, address and image, online or that of others
- Asking children their permission before taking photos or videos and posting on online platforms
- Developing strategies for families to communicate negative experiences or concerns regarding online issues
- Implementing the uses of technologies in everyday life and use real or imaginary technologies as props in children's play
- Supporting the use of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) in the curriculum as tools for designing, drawing, editing, reflecting and composing
- Modelling internet use with children for learning purposes and provide opportunities for assessing the quality and relevance of information.
- Providing opportunities for children to explore and experiment with the functions of a diverse range of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) alongside adult modelling and instruction in digital technology use.
- Modelling active decision making regarding digital technology use with, by and for young children that provides a balance of digital and non-digital experiences and activities at the service



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- Providing digital technology experiences for young children that promote movement opportunities
- Ensuring that screen-based digital technology (refer to Definitions) use while sitting is only for short periods and does not replace periods of active physical movement
- Promoting postural awareness and change by providing a variety of spaces and heights for children to use digital technologies
- Helping children develop self-regulation (refer to Definitions) for using digital technologies and support them to transition from digital to non-digital activities
- Encouraging the use of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) in the curriculum for children to access images and information, explore diverse perspectives and make sense of their world
- Teaching children skills and techniques that encourage them to use technologies to explore new information and represent their ideas.
- Developing strategies for families to communicate negative experiences or concerns regarding online issues
- Supporting families to understand that exposure to disturbing or arousing content and screens in the hour before sleep time decreases the length and quality of children's sleep.
- Direct families towards government and/or not-for-profit organisations for advice and resources on controls and the selection of digital media, content, apps and games that are appropriate for use by young children (refer to Sources)
- Providing families with information about online safety and risks in the online environment, such as online grooming, cyber bullying and sexting.

#### Educators, students and other staff are responsible for:

- Designating a staff member/s to champion online safety and be a first point of contact for early childhood teachers, educators, staff, parents/guardians and children to report online safety issues
- Ensuring the online environment is used in accordance with Code of Conduct, Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing and Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy
- Early childhood teachers and educators engaged in professional learning about online safety (such as eSafety's professional learning modules) (refer to Sources), enabling them to identify and mitigate the risks associated with being online
- Engaging in professional learning to build capacity and support the implementation of online safety education.
- Undertaking a risk assessment (refer to Sources) of all online tools (including AI), platforms, Smart Toys (refer to Sources), and child-friendly search engines and apps prior to children's use
- Undertaking a risk assessment (refer to Sources) and identify if children's personal devices (including wearable devices) can be used at the service and in what circumstances.
- Considering risk management plans when engaging with third party contractors to assess whether, and the extent to which, the engagement of third-party contractors poses risks of child abuse and harm
- Ensuring safety procedures are developed and implemented when using digital communication platforms (refer to Definitions) with children and their families (refer to Attachment 1 &2)



# ACACIA CHILDREN'S CENTRES



- Ensuring when using digital documentation platforms, early childhood teachers and educators
  consider the security of their digital data and the privacy of children and families (refer to
  Privacy and Confidently Policy and Information and Communication Technology Policy)
- Ensuring that only service-issued electronic devices should ever be used to take photos or record videos of children
- Installing and update safety and security software, internet filters, and pop-up blockers on all digital devices used at the service
- cannot carry or use your own personal devices (like phones, tablets or USBs) that take or store photos or videos when working directly with children, unless it's for an essential purpose and approved in writing
- Ensuring there are procedures and processes around the capturing, storing and sharing of children's images and videos (refer to Information and Communication Technology and Privacy and Confidentiality policy)
- Ensuring that all images and devices are destroyed when no longer needed
- Ensuring there is a register of all devices and all lost or stolen devices are reported.
- Creating a shared understanding between Acacia Children's Centres., families, early childhood teachers and educators about digital technology use, by adults, in front of children
- Ensuring that appropriate filtering (refer to Definitions) and monitoring are in place for all devices used at the service
- Reviewing online safety education annually to identify strengths and weaknesses and update to ensure relevance to online safety issues, risks, and harms
- Providing families with information on where to go for help with online safety issues, including the eSafety Commissioner (refer to Sources)
- Regularly discussing concepts of 'being online' or 'the internet' and online safety with children (refer to Sources)
- Providing children with the opportunity to engage in digital play through communicating, creating and consuming digital content in safe and age-appropriate ways
- Providing proactive supervision when young children are using digital technology (refer to Supervision of Children policy
- Ensuring an online safety agreement is created in collaboration with children and families (refer to Sources)
- Developing and implementing a digital learning environment and opportunities that are accessible to and relevant for all age groups
- Using digital technologies to promote social interactions between children, peers and early childhood teacher/educators
- Teaching digital citizenship (refer to Definitions) and digital/media literacy (refer to Definitions) to support critical thinking
- Developing social and emotional learning skills to support children' understanding and management of emotions, respectful online relationships and resilience



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- Providing opportunities for children to explore and experiment with the functions of a diverse range of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) alongside adult modelling and instruction in digital technology use
- Considering the needs of all children including those with disability, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander students, LGBTQI students, those from diverse linguistic and cultural backgrounds, children experiencing family breakdown or in out of home care and others who may be more vulnerable and susceptible to online harms.
- Modelling self-regulated (refer to Definitions) digital technology use with children and families that recognises the importance of sustained social interactions between children and adults
- Respecting children and family's diversity and strive to meet their needs for online safety education inclusive of gender, age, culture, ability, appearance, socioeconomic status, family background, geographical location, and access
- Upholding children's rights to provision, participation and protection in digital environments
- Create child-friendly guides or agreements for acceptable use of service issued devices refer to Sources
- Teaching children they have the right to feel safe and say 'no' to anything that makes them feel unsure, uncomfortable, or unsafe
- Identifying and responding to online safety risks, like grooming (being subjected to manipulative behaviours), cyberbullying, excessive use of devices and screen time, and inappropriate images refer to Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing Policy
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- Teaching children not to give out personal information such as their name, birthdate, address and image, online or that of others
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- Implementing the uses of technologies in everyday life and use real or imaginary technologies as props in children's play
- Supporting the use of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) in the curriculum as tools for designing, drawing, editing, reflecting and composing
- Modelling internet use with children for learning purposes and provide opportunities for assessing the quality and relevance of information.
- Providing opportunities for children to explore and experiment with the functions of a diverse range of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) alongside adult modelling and instruction in digital technology use.
- Modelling active decision making regarding digital technology use with, by and for young children that provides a balance of digital and non-digital experiences and activities at the service



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- Providing digital technology experiences for young children that promote movement opportunities
- Ensuring that screen-based digital technology (refer to Definitions) use while sitting is only for short periods and does not replace periods of active physical movement
- Promoting postural awareness and change by providing a variety of spaces and heights for children to use digital technologies
- Helping children develop self-regulation (refer to Definitions) for using digital technologies and support them to transition from digital to non-digital activities
- Encouraging the use of digital technologies (refer to Definitions) in the curriculum for children to access images and information, explore diverse perspectives and make sense of their world
- Teaching children skills and techniques that encourage them to use technologies to explore new information and represent their ideas.
- Supporting families to understand that exposure to disturbing or arousing content and screens in the hour before sleep time decreases the length and quality of children's sleep.
- Direct families towards government and/or not-for-profit organisations for advice and resources on controls and the selection of digital media, content, apps and games that are appropriate for use by young children (refer to Sources)
- Providing families with information about online safety and risks in the online environment, such as online grooming, cyber bullying and sexting.

#### Parents and Guardians are responsible for;

- Ensuring there are procedures and processes around the capturing, storing and sharing of children's images and videos (refer to Information and Communication Technology and Privacy and Confidentiality policy)
- Families are not to use personal devices in the care environment.
- Families are not permitted to take videos or images of the environment or the children at events such as graduation or end of year gathering.
- Creating a shared understanding between Acacia Children's Centres., families, early childhood teachers and educators about digital technology use, by adults, in front of children
- Reviewing online safety education annually to identify strengths and weaknesses and update to ensure relevance to online safety issues, risks, and harms
- Ensuring parents/guardians are involved in the development and review of the eSafety policy
- Regularly discussing concepts of 'being online' or 'the internet' and online safety with children (refer to Sources)
- Providing children with the opportunity to engage in digital play through communicating, creating and consuming digital content in safe and age-appropriate ways
- Providing proactive supervision when young children are using digital technology (refer to Supervision of Children policy
- Respecting children and family's diversity and strive to meet their needs for online safety education inclusive of gender, age, culture, ability, appearance, socioeconomic status, family background, geographical location, and access



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#### Sources

- ACECQA: Consent and children's rights
- ACECQA: <u>Early Year Learning and Development Framework</u>
- ACECQA: Empowering children under 5 by asking them to give consent for photos or videos
- ACECQA: National Model Code Taking images in Early Childhood Education and Care
- ACECQA: NQF Online Safety Guide Self and Risk Assessment Tool
- ACECQA: Victorian Early Years Learning and Development Framework
- Early Childhood Australia: Statement on young children and digital technology
- eSafety Commissioner: <u>eSafety's professional learning modules</u>
- eSafety Commissioner: <a href="https://www.esafety.gov.au/">https://www.esafety.gov.au/</a>
- eSafety Commissioner: Online Safety Agreement
- eSafety Commissioner: Online Safety Agreement
- eSafety Commissioner: Talking about child sexual abuse online with 0- to 12-year-olds
- The eSafety Guide: https://www.esafety.gov.au/key-issues/esafety-guide
- The Playing IT Safe Framework and Alignment: <a href="https://playingitsafe.org.au/">https://playingitsafe.org.au/</a>
- Victorian Early Years Learning and Development Framework: https://www.acecqa.gov.au/nqf/national-law-regulations/approved-learning-frameworks
- https://www.vic.gov.au/child-safe-practices-digital-technologies-and-personal-electronic-devices?utm\_medium=email&utm\_campaign=Operational---EC---Action-required-Personal-device-restrictions&utm\_content=vic.gov.au/child-safe-practices-digital-technologies-and-personal-electronic-devices%23statement-of-regulatory-expectations&utm\_source=v6.education.vic.gov.au#statement-of-regulatory-expectations

# EVALUATION

In order to assess whether the values and purposes of the policy have been achieved, the approved provider will:

- regularly seek feedback from everyone affected by the policy regarding its effectiveness
- monitor the implementation, compliance, complaints and incidents in relation to this policy
- keep the policy up to date with current legislation, research, policy and best practice
- revise the policy and procedures as part of the service's policy review cycle, or as required
- notifying all stakeholders affected by this policy at least 14 days before making any significant changes to this policy or its procedures, unless a lesser period is necessary due to risk (Regulation 172 (2)).

#### **BREACH OF THIS POLICY**

Any staff found to have violated this policy may be subject to disciplinary action.

Version 1	Endorsed By: CoM	Approved Date: August 2025	Reviewed Date:
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#### ACACIA CHILDREN'S CENTRES

Reg No: A0039290V ABN: 76 707 214 671



#### ATTACHMENT 1. DIGITAL COMMUNICATION PLATFORM SAFETY GUIDELINES

Using digital communication platform can be a great way for children to learn and explore, but it can also put them at risk. It is important for early childhood teacher and educators to understand the risks associated with children using the internet. The eSafety Commissioner provides early years professional learning and resources to help services in keeping children while safe online: www.esafety.gov.au

Prior to using a digital communication platform:

- Educators to complete eSafety learning module every 2 years (refer to Sources)
- Educators to create online safety rules for children and educators.
- Digital communication platform guidelines are shared with families
- Consent from families are obtained via enrolment form
- Educators to be familiar with using digital communication platform and its functions
- Educators must follow the centre's Information and communication policies

#### Guidelines for educators when hosting online meetings or information sessions

- 1. Be the host and have full control throughout the session
- 2. Two staff to be present online at all times
- 3. Dress appropriately and ensure background is presentable and professional
- 4. Ensure the use of the "waiting room" function so to monitor attendees
- 5. Decline or remove unauthorised participants immediately
- 6. Follow Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing and Code of Conduct Policy at all times
- 7. Use the services digital communication platform at all times with families (no personal accounts)
- 8. Use different meeting ID each session to reduce hacking attempts

#### **Guidelines for families**

- 1. The educator is the host of the Zoom Workplace session and will have control of the meeting throughout the session
- 2. All participants must join with the child's first and last name for identification purposes
- 3. A parent/guardian to be present online at all times
- 4. All participants to dress appropriately
- 5. Unauthorised participants will be immediately by removed by the host
- 6. Keep private information for 1:1 discussion with the educator. If you wish to speak about a private matter, you can contact the educator via email or call to make a time to discuss the matter
- 7. Families are requested not to record, take photos during Zoom Workplace sessions or share Zoom Workplace links with others
- We encourage families to read the eSafety Commissioner's <u>Online safety for under 5's</u> <u>booklet</u> with their child/ren as part of our commitment to keep children safe while online

# The use of social and information sharing platforms as part of Acacia's Program

Designated staff will only post on social media and information sharing platforms such as Facebook, Instagram and School stream.

Acacia have their own account for social media platforms that are password protected

Designated staff will have their own log into post on School stream.

Before posting on any platforms, messages or posts must be checked by another team member.

No images of children will be posted on Social media.



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# The following procedures must be adhered to by all staff when using School stream:

- Permission from families before posting an image of their child.
- Permission from children before posting.
- Images of children are to communicate and demonstrate their learning.
- Staff to be mindful of the quantity of images being posted
- Storage of posts are kept on software platform.
- Staff are to delete images at the end of the year.
- Nominated supervisor will approve family and staff access of school stream.
- Access of families and staff will be removed once they leave the centre.
- Any person who misuses the platform will be blocked access to the platform.

#### **ATTACHMENT 2.**

#### PRIOR TO USING A DIGITAL DEVICES WITH CHILDREN AND FAMILIES:

- Educators to complete eSafety learning module every 2 years (refer to Sources)
- Educators to create online safety rules for children and educators.
- Risk assessments are to be completed. Educators are to teach children how to be safe online and use devices safely educators to teach children on how report to teachers when they are feeling unsafe whilst using online platforms (eg creating visuals for children to communicate unsafe feelings)
- Digital communication platform guidelines are shared with families
- Consent from families are obtained via enrolment form
- Educators be familiar with using digital devices and its functions
- All devices must have appropriate filters and password protected
- No personal devices to be used with children or to store information about children and families.
   All devices must be listed on a device register before use.
- inappropriate apps are deleted from devices (example netflix or other streaming apps)

#### Guidelines for educators when using devices in the educational and care environment

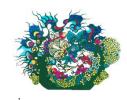
- Follow rules and guidelines created for children and educators
- supervise children whilst they are using devices in the educational program
- Follow the recommended screen time for passive entertainment, refer to active play policy.
- When researching with children, educators to be present while co-learning
- Permission to take images of child must be sorted from each child before any are taken
- minimal photos are to be taken for documentation purposes
- Centres mobile phones are only to be taken on outings and excursions for the purpose of contacting other staff for emergencies.
- follow centres guidelines for the use of cameras to take photos on outings and excursions

#### Guidelines for destroying files and devices and lost devices

- All photos are either shredded or deleted from electronic files including the removal from the recycle bin and any cloud storage device.
- Any devices in no longer use will have all data removed and destroyed.
- Any devices storing any information about staff, families any children are to be reported to approved provider and authorities

#### Guidelines for the use of devices in Acacia Children's Centres.

- No personal devices to be used for the purpose of taking images and video and Collecting or storing information about staff, children, or families including educational programs. This includes personal storage and file transfer media For example:
  - phones



# ACACIA CHILDREN'S CENTRES



- tablets
- digital cameras
- smart watches with camera/recording functionality
- wearables, such as camera glasses
- SD cards
- USB drive
- hard drives.



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- service devices are only to be taken off the premises with written consent from the Approved provider. An agreement form must be signed for removal offsite.
- All devices are password protected
- Storage of images are to be protected by transferring images from devices on to centres approved network owned by Acacia, weekly and deleted from devices.
- Images of children and staff not used in educational programs are deleted at the end of the year.
- Any Educational programs or observations of children must be stored on approved networks owned by Acacia.
- Online communication with families are only permitted via Acacia approved platforms
- No personal information of staff children and families are to be placed on any Al platforms.

# Child safety and personal electronic devices

#### Who the restrictions apply to

These restrictions apply to anyone working directly with children, including:

- · teachers and educators, including casual and agency staff
- students and representatives of tertiary providers attending the service as part of a practicum
- volunteers, including parent volunteers, providing education and care or working directly with children
- third-party contractors delivering programs or incursion activities to children in a service allied health or inclusion professionals attending a service to observe, assess or work with a child at the service
- mentors or coaches attending the service to support teachers or educators working with children or providing education and care
- · preschool field officers
- primary school teachers attending a service as part of a school transition program.

#### **Exceptions to the restrictions**

Acacia can authorise exceptions to these restrictions only for limited essential purposes. These purposes must be authorised by the approved provider, documented in writing in advance (where possible) and not impact the supervision of children.

.Examples where use and/or possession of a personal electronic device may be authorised include:

- emergency communication during excursions and regular outings (for example, for when groups of children and educators get split up)
- emergency communication when children are transported or travel on transport arranged by the service
- communication in an emergency situation involving a lost child, injury to child or staff member, or other serious incident, or in the case of a lockdown or evacuation of the service premises
- personal health requirements (for example, heart or blood sugar level monitoring)
- disability (for example, where a personal electronic device is an essential means of communication for an educator or other staff member)
- family necessity (for example, a worker with an ill family member)
- technology failure (for example, when a temporary outage of service-issued electronic devices has occurred)



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• a local emergency event occurring, to receive emergency notifications through government warning systems (for example, bushfire evacuation text notification)